A Good Masmid Needs Your Full Support

# The Commentator

YESHIVA COLLEGE

When You Buy Mention Commentator

VOLUME V.

NEW YORK CITY, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7, 1937

NUMBER 7

## 2,000 CHILDREN MAKE PILGRIMAGE TO YESHIVA CELEBRATING JUBILEE

## LIBRARY STAFF APPOINTMENTS ARE ANNOUNCED

## New Positions Designed To Promote More **Efficient Service**

Several new appointments, designed to increase the efficiency of the library, were announced last week by Isaac Goldberg, Librarian. Albert L. Lewis '38 was designated chief of the Reference Department, and Albert Hans was named Chief Assistant Librarian. Arthur S. Zucker heads the newly-organized Friends of Yeshiva College Library.

Contributors of the week include Mrs. Albert M. Heilbroner, Dr. Solomon A. Rhodes, Dr Alexander Litman, and Dr. Saul B. Sells. Of especial interest in Mrs. Heilbrone's gift was a presenta-tion copy of the "History of the New York Times," autographed by the late Adolph S. Ochs.

Mrs. Rosa Levitan and I. B. Rose '38 presented several magazines. Among student contributors were Aaron Kaplan '37 and Sidney Feigenbaum '40, who presented books in the fields of Chemistry, Education and Mathematics.

The change is quarters of the Library has meant several things to the College, according to Goldberg. Library efficiency has increased tenfold; the book collections have been more than doubled through the efforts of the Library Staff and other interested A General Purchase Fund is planned, and plans are under way to realize this longoverdue need.

## Dr. Sells Talks At **Barnard Meeting**

#### Psychologist Reads Paper On Gullibility

psychology at Yeshiva College, teachers continue patiently, (and presented two papers at a meeting at times impatiently) to stuff unof the eastern branch of the Amer- willing childish minds with knowlican Psychological Society at Vassar College on April 3.

In the first of these papers on "Gullibity in Relation to Intelligence, Training and Experience." he said that gullibility, or the willingness of an individual to swallow everything he hears, is a matter not alone of intelligence, or rather lack of it, but also of training and special ability. Thus, an\_intelligent person may be versed in psychology, and hence, not be gullible in in mathematics and physics.

used in carrying out this experiment with a complete statistical ing. We will probably recall the analysis of the results obtained reverance with which we regarded Yet in

#### Committee Chairmen Must Present Reports

All committee chairmen must prepare reports of their respective activities, it was announced this morning by Fred Kolatch '37, vice president of Student Council.

"Inasmuch as it is of the greatest importance for such reports to be submitted, summary action will be taken against delinquent committee heads," he declared.

Kolatch explained that the proper planning of Council activities demanded reports of all college functions in the near future.

### SCHOLARSHIP BLANKS **MUST BE FILED BY 15TH**

## Committee To Review All **Applications**

Scholarship application blanks have been prepared and are now available at the bursar's office, according to Mr. Hartstein, Students will be given until Thursday, April 15, to file their applications with the bursar. This time limit may be extended because of the delay in preparing the blanks.

All applications will be reviewed by the faculty committee on awards and scholarships. It is hoped that all students will be informed of the decision on their applications before July 1.

The information required in this year's applications will be much more comprehensive and pertinent than that of previous years, Mr.

Semi-Centennial Will Be Celebrated By Dinner On Sunday Night

EXPECT 1,000

#### Synagogue Council Host To Delegates From Eastern Cities

A banquet to commemorate the Jubilee year of the founding of the Etz Hayyim Yeshiva, the forerunner of the present Rabbi Issac Elchanan Theological Seminary, will be held this coming Sunday evening at 7:30 in the Riverside Plaza Hotel at 253 W

This event is sponsored by the Yeshiva Synagogue Council, an organization of synagogues for the support of the Yeshiva. A thousand guests in all are expected, many coming from widely scattered points in the East.

The chairman for the evening will be Mr Ephraim Kaplan, writer for the Jewish Morning Journal, and among the many noted guests will be Dr Bernard Revel, President of Yeshiva College, Rabbi Levinthal of Philadelphia, and Mr. Samuel Levy, Borough President of Manhattan. Cantors Hirschman and Yasinovsky will provide music for the occasion. Among the persons who have been most active in arranging for this Jubilee banquet are Max Turoff, Reuben Meyer, Morris Kaplan, Samuel Cohen, and Joseph

#### PROGRAM CARDS

The office of the registrar again requests that all those students who have not as yet filled out their program cards should do so as soon as posible. This is essen-Itial in order to facilitate the proper keeping of office records. planned.



Dr. Bernard Revel, Rosh Haveshiva and president of Yeshiva College, who will address the gathering Sunday.

## HEBREW WEEK RALLY TO BE HELD SATURDAY

A large rally will be held under the auspices of the Hebrew Youth Federation in conjunction with the launching of the Hebrew Week campaign at the auditorium of Peter Stuyvesant High School this Saturday evening. The gathering, which will be addressed by Mr. Menachem Ribelow, Rabbi Samuel K. Mirsky, and Harold Polikoff, is intended to serve both as a rally for the campaign and as a cultural evening.

A musical program consisting of a group of songs by Bracha Zfira, accompanied by Nachum Nardi, and of several instrumental selections has also

Higher Classes Of Many Metropolitan Schools Visiting Here

#### FETE PLANNED

#### Program Includes Noted Guests and Student Representatives

Over two thousand Hebrew school and yeshiva students from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Jersey City, and a number of other communities, will visit Yeshiva this Sunday morning to take part in the first annual Aliyah, or pilgrimage, one of the features of the Jubilee celebration,

At 11 a.m. all visiting students and their faculty representatives will assemble, weather permitting, on 186th Street. The Hebrew Orphan Asylum Band will lead the procession from that point into the auditorium, where a special program will be presented.

The feature of the convocation will be the preseentation, by the visitors, of a complete set of the Talmud, to the Yeshiva library. The presentation will be made volume by volume, with a representative of a different school taking part in each case. The books will also be accepted volume by volume, by Yeshiva students.

In an attempt to show the internationalism of Torah, the first books will be accepted by representatives of the various foreign countries at present studying in this institution. These will be followed by representatives of the states of the union. The entire presentation will be marked by a colorful display of pageantry.

The visitors will be addressed by Hershel Shacter '38, representing the undergraduate student body. A response, by a junior student, will also be heard.

A series of declamations and recitations by the visiting students,

(Continued on Page 4)

## School Pilgrimage Reminds Old Timers Of First Days Of Their First Arrival Here From Hebrew Schools

New York and the vicinity carries your reporter back to the origins of himself and his classmates at Yeshiva. It, inevitably, brings to mind the many buildings through-Dr. Saul B. Sells, instructor of out the city in which our earliest edge and to arouse the enthusiasm of a pack of passive schoolboys

> It is to such origins that the epic of Yeshiva must be traced. The father of the man poring over the Yoreh Deiah at Amsterdam Avenue corner 186 Street was the boy in knee-pants struggling over the Parsha Chumash on Henry Street

or Thirteenth Avenue, Brooklyn. With the arrival of the visitors it will not be difficult to place ourselves in their positions. We may that, but uninformed and gullible recall how several years ago at some celebration, perhaps the dedi-Dr. Sells discussed the methods cation of the Yeshiva building, we first looked with awe at the buildwith his class in educational psy- the boys sitting in the Study Hall with their large volumes. And, with the microcosm of the smaller of Science.

gates from the various schools of the picture of our own arrival at the Yeshiva.

> to the large Yeshiva. It was a change not only of degree but of quality, also. Gone was the conof the teacher. The young elementary school graduate had to depend so great. It is to be hoped, at least, depended almost entirely upon his enthusiasm. own ability and application. To his instructor he must go mainly for DR. GINSBURG MADE inspiration, not for constant direc-

The change from the schoolroom approach to the Yeshiva method of learning produced an unexpected, if pleasant, shock. Beyond the nar-nor study of the text which necessarily characterized the elementary study of Talmud he was introduced to the critical analysis of real "lomdus." Perhaps for the first time in his life he was faced with a situation calling for clear original

Yet in another respect Yeshiva

The expected arrival of the dele- finally, it will bring to our minds (yeshiva. Both are permeated with the same spirit of Torah, both are characterized by a certain serious, In one respect, it was a difficult almost sombre spirit, both present transition from the small yeshiva similar difficulties and similar advantages to the student.

It will not be at all difficult to identify ourselves with the youngsstant instruction and supervision ters making the pilgrimage. After all, the change in us has not been upon himself. His accomplishment that we haven't lost their childish

## ACADEMY MEMBER

Prof. Jekuthiel Ginsberg of the mathematics department of Yeshiva College was recently elected to the International Academy for the History of Science. Only three people are chosen for membership to this academy every

The society from which Prof. Ginsburg recently received the letter informing him of his appointment is also known as the was just a macrocosm as compared French Academy on the History

## Alumni To Launch Journalism Club

#### Ex - Commentator Men Form Association

The formation of a Journalism club of Yeshiva alumni was announced today by Moses I. Feuerstein '36, formerly editor-in-chief zation, to be known as the Commentator Association of the Alumni, will have as its members those alumni who are former members of the Commentator Governing Board.

The purpose of the association, according to Feuerstein, will be to further the interests of Commentator and to lend it support as a medium of expression for student opinion. The association will also act as an advisory body to the Governing Board of the Commentator in matters of policy, and will represent the newspaper at meetings

(Continued on Page 4)

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#### A Jubilee of Torah

We wish to extend our welcome to the hundreds of students representing the Hebrew elementary schools who are making a mass pilgrimage to the Yeshiva this Sunday. This event, perhaps more than any other tribute paid to the Yeshiva, serves to illustrate the pivotal role which the Yeshiva must play in American Jewish life. In bringing to the Yeshiva the children of American Jewry this pilgrimage demonstrates most clearly the function of Yeshiva in preparing a new generation of American orthodoxy.

Time was when Yeshiva seemed an anomaly on the American scene. It served primarily as an institution for European born students who wished to continue the training which had been given them abroad. It appeared to be the temporary creation of a passing age rather than a permanent influence which might supply leadership for future generations.

Today we see a totally different scene. Though Torah may not yet be firmly intrenched in this country, it has become a permanent factor in our life here. The Yeshiva has long passed its pioneering stage. No longer does it sow the seeds of Torah on a barren soil.

Since the founding of the Yeshivath Etz Chaim fifty years ago, there have arisen Hebrew schools throughout the country and especially in New York in which the children of American Jewry may be reared in the spirit of Torah. Largely through the influence and precedent set by that institution, Jewish education has progressed from the stuffy Cheder so repugnant to a youth brought up in the New constitute a proper Hebrew education, to the small yeshiva of today in which our children receive a complete elementary training in Jewish and secular fields in an atmosphere permeated with Torah.

During the same period there developed from the union of the Yeshivath Etz Chaim and the organization of Talmudic students named after Rabbi Isaac Elehanah the Yeshiva of today uniting within its scope the traditions of the great European Yeshivoth ties. and of the institutions of secular learning. The vision of a broad secular life thoroughly infused with the tradition of Torah begins to assume the shape of something more than a distant hope.

This does not mean that either our element- ate response.

ary education or the Yeshiva have reached their proper standards. There is need for great expansion in our Hebrew education. There is an equal need for a general rise in the standards of our lower schools. The Yeshiva, itself, must go on to effect such improvements as would bring it closer to its goal. It would be no exaggeration to state that we are only beginning to realize the full significance of many problems which Yeshiva must set itself to solve not merely for itself but for the cause of Torah in America.

This demonstration of solidarity in the cause of Yeshiva should encourage us to advance further in our attempt to make Torah the vital force of the Jewish community Its illustration of our gains in the past should lend new vigour to our push forward.

But the pilgrimage also brings into relief a fact whose recognition is of great importance for both the Yeshiva and the elementary schools-the mutual interdependence of the

The recognition of this bond must enter into the plans of both Yeshiva and the lower schools. The elementary schools must proceed in the planning of their development with full realization of the fact that they may not merely perform the functions of the "Hebrew school" in its traditional American sense, but must seek to conform with the standards set by the Yeshiva.

The Yeshiva at the same time could take active leadership in the general planning of Hebrew education. In planning its own development, it might be important for the Yeshiva to consider conditions prevailing in our lower school system. There is a gap between our elementary schools and the Yeshiva which requires bridging.

There is a long road ahead, let us take it without fear or hesitation.

#### The Last Appeal

Due to the indifference of the students to the work of Student Council, we find ourselves at an impasse. There are neither sufficient funds nor literary material at present to assure the publication of the Masmid. The Dramatic Society has already decided not to continue with its plans. Student Council finds itself in need of extra funds in order to proceed with its work.

Within the next few days, the students must do something to mitigate this condition. The necessary ads must be procured for the Masmid. Yeshiva's literati must awake from their winter's hibernation and begin handing in their contributions.

Above all, it is essential that every student do his share to make the current raffle of Student Council a success. No student may consider himself exempt from supporting this undertaking of the Council. Unless it is successful, Student Council cannot go on with its work as it should.

If the necessary response does not come, World, through the early Talmud Torahs the only path open to the Student Adminwhich gave but a smattering of what should istration will be along the lines suggested at the recent meeting of the executive committee. If the students refuse to lend their support to the activities carried on by their organization, the only answer can be the immediate suspension of all activities by Council. Perhaps, by being forced to forego the advantages of the Co-op Store and of the loan fund for a while, the students on within. will learn to appreciate the importance of giving their cooperation to their own activi-

> We believe that such drastic action will be made unnecessary. It is our sincere hope that a realization of the emergency will suffice to make the student body rise up to the situation. We expect to hear an immedi-

#### MAYBE I'M WRONG

By ELEAZER GOLDMAN

One important effect of this week's pilgrimage of the students of the elementary Hebrew schools might be a temporary descent to earth from the empyrean realms where students of the "Theory of Yeshiva" are wont to be found. should impress upon us the oftenoverlooked fact, that in the long un, Yeshiva will be neither more nor less than what its students make of it, and that in turn these students are products of our elementary Jewish education as well as of the general American environment.

These considerations should make us conscious of a significant aspect of the Yeshiva which has usually been neglected in the familiar, highsounding, uniquely-vocabularied discussions of the functions and purposes of the Yeshiva. I refer to the possibility of the Yeshiva's setting the tone and standards of elementary Jewish education in the United States or at least in the city of New York, a possibility which has, to my knowledge, never been sufficiently considered.

In bringing about such a situaion, the infilteration of graduates of the Yeshiva into the schools would be an important, though not necessarily essential, part. It is rather the positon of Yeshiva itself at the apex of the Jewish educational system in America which should accomolish this.

In the first place the formulation of definite and strict requirements for entrance into the Yeshiva would cause many lower schools to adjust their curricula so as to meet the Yeshiva's requirements. But the Yeshiva's influence could extend even further so that in effect it would be the governing agency of an orthodox Hebrew school system. A uniform system under the educational leadership of the Yeshiva could some day become a reality

If at present this sounds almost fantastically absurd, it is because of the extreme anarchy reigning in Jewish communal life today which makes an integrated organization of education seem impossible. An increase of aggressive leadership on the part of the Yeshiva might make this condition seem realizable. Whatever the reasons for failure to accomplish this in the past, it would be well to consider this matter for the future.

That Yeshiva can become a centralizing influence in American Jewish education is clearly indi- mentary school.

#### REVIEWS By HAROLD POLIKOFF

A major disappointment of this season has been the fact that the Yiddish Art Theatre has failed to satisfy those of its devotees who, hungry for art, waited impatiently while Maurice Schartz traversed Europe with his company, picking up new plays as he went along. The reports that Mr. Schwartz had moved uptown where he could present finer works to more discriminating audiences was greeted enthusiastically by members of both the Yiddish and Gentile intelligentsia. It was expected that Mr. Schwartz and his group of artists would outdo themselves in presenting the very finest

But unfortunately, nothing of the sort was accomplished. As a matter of fact, the company fell far below its own mark of past seasons. Except for "Jacques Bergson", not one decent play was presented. Certainly there can be no excuse for such a work as "The Water Carrier". Although it was well staged, a la Schwartz, it was outstanding for its lack of good taste.

that the theatre has to offer.

We can immediately perceive that the Art Theatre's current deficiencies can be charged to inferior plays. In view of this fact it is heartening to hear that Mr. Schwartz intends to produce I. J. Singer's superb novel 'The Brothers Ashkenazi' next sea-Here there is an opportunity for a tremendous production which would exact every ounce of ingenuity that Schwartz and Company have to offer.

When I read "The Brothers Ashkenazi" I decided that it was one of the finest novels that it had been my good fortune to come across. In its writing Mr. Singer has created an outstanding piece of literature. Those who have read the work certainly realize how unlimited its dramatic possibilities are. In good hands (and my faith in Mr. Schwartz is not done by a long shot) it should make history. No doubt Mr. Singer, the author of "Yoshe Kalh" write a suitable dramatization of his own novel.

Here's hoping that the Yiddish Art Theatre's next season will be more satisfactory than this one has proven to be.

cated by this week's pilgrimage. If the pupils of the elementary schools can come on a pilgrimage to the Yeshiva, why should not Yeshiva, in turn, begin to permeate the ele-

## In The Editor's Mail Box

To the Editor of The Commentator: 1a complete issue to the Jubilee.

Next Sunday a very unusual event in the history of Yeshiva will occur. A group of two thousand pupils representing the various Hebrew schools in the vicinity of New York will make a mass pilgrimage to the Ye-

The purpose of this occasion will be to acquaint the children of the small Yeshivoth and of the Talmud Torahs with the significance and the work of the Yeshiva. The students will not only be addressed by the leaders of the Yeshiva but will be shown the building and all that goes

In connection with this I think it only proper that the student body should participate, officially. One of the finest ways in which this could be done would be for the Commentator to devote aspecial issue to this event.

H. S.

(Editor's Note: For various reasons it has been impossible to devote

believe that the present issue will serve this purpose.)

To the Editor of The Commentator: Dear Sir:

As a member of The Commentator news staff I often have occasion to to the basement of the Shiva College in order to reach The Commentator room. During the last few days, I have been obliged to feel my way through the corridors in order to reach my destination. There was not one burning bulb to illuminate the way from the staircase to the Commentator room.

Last night in approaching the Commentator room, I actually tripped on the small staircase leading from the main passageway towards the gymnasium. Fortunately I only sustained a few bruises.

I believe the Commentator should arrange that people may approach its office with endangering their limbs.

Respectfully, A Member of Your Staff.

By ABE NOVICK

#### By Emil

Every year about this time, reports begin to drift into this department concerning contemplated excursions into the field of varsity baseball. In the face of the loss of the field, we had expected that the perennial team organizers would be forced to admit the impracticality of the notion and abandon their efforts this year.

But, as usual, with the regularity of the commencement of Florida exhibition games, the local enthusiasts have announced their intention of starting spring practice.

Indeed, the tradition of indomitable resourcefulness in the face of difficulties is part of the heritage of Yeshiva students. Sports have steadily gained in spite of all sorts of obstacles, since the earliest days of Yeshiva life in crowded, cramped Montgomery

In those days, the germ manifested itself in much more modest fashion than at present. A narrow East Side street is not the ideal place for sports and as a consequence, the only pastime that was practical was the inevitable hand-ball, since brick walls were only too available.

With the removal of the Yeshiva to larger quarters, as the exigencies of growth made first Henry Street and then East Broadway necessary, physical recreations gained correspondingly in variety and importance

With the establishment of inter-institutional base-ball games, played for the most part after hurriedly swallowed lunches. made their place in the routine of academic existence.

Recent history is one of even more rapid development. As late as two years ago, inter-collegiate games in the basketball schedule such Rabbis. were a rarity Small clubs and Young Israel branches were the more usual fare.

the score-book carrying the been a worthwhile one.

What is of especial moment is not the per se value of an athletic program. It is the demonstration of the fact that there is no inherent quarrel between the cloistered academic life and collegiate sports. The fact that a Yeshiva is not necessarily an oldworldly anachronism withdrawn after much discussion, agreed: (1) from reality is what counts.

So, as the days get longer, and masks and bats begin to appear, maybe it's as well to forget imof a baseball varsity.

## ON THE SIDELINES A Half Century Of Torah In America

The golden jubilee, which we are now celebrating, and of which the pilgrimage of some 2,000 students representing the higher classes in junior yeshivoth and Talmud Torahs of the eastern states and Maryland on Sunday, April 11, 1937, is but one feature, marks the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the first yeshiva on American soil, the Yeshiva Eitz Chaim.

The great exodus of Jewry from Russia in the 1880's, due to the pogroms there, brought to this country an element of Jewry which was determined to transplant its complete heritage to American soil, without any changes. It was this element which had incorporated in the City ow New York the "Machzike Jeshibath Eitz Chaim" on September 15, 1886, "to give free instruction to poor Hebrew Children in the Hebrew language and the Hebrew Law-Talmud, Bible and Shulchon Aruch, during the whole day from nine in the morning until four in the afternoon."

From four in the afternoon two hours were to be devoted "to teach the native language, English, and one hour to teach Hebrew-Loshon Hakodosh and Jargon to read and

#### Found Riets

In 1896 the Yeshiva Rabbi Isaac Elchanan was founded as the first Yeshiva, in the European sense of the word; as a higher institution for the study of the Talmud, propogating in America the idea of "Torah Lishmoh," learning for the sake of learning. On March 20, 1897 this institution was incorporated as the Rabbi Isaac Elchanan Theological Seminary.

The purpose and philosophy underlying the institution was, however, understood differently by the directors or organizers, on the one hand, and the students, on the other. The former following closely the European Yeshiva believed in it as a place for the study of the Talmud for its own sake, "Torah Lishmoh". Of course, Rabbis for the genuinely orthodox communities would also be drawn from among the Yeshiva graduates. The sports in Yeshiva had definitely functions of the Rabbi were looked upon by the directors to be the same in America as they were in Russia or Lithuania. Hence the directors were equipping the students, in their opinion, with all that was necessary. They knew that they would be satisfied with

#### Students Request Change

The students, however, had different outlook. They demanded a thorough training in And in the seasons since, with Jewish and general knowledge, and in those qualities which would equip them for effective and able names of recognized college spiritual leadership of the type teams, playing to scores that which would enable them, as Orthospeak well for the development dox Rabbis, to compete with the of the varsity, it is good to re- modern Rabbis preaching reform flect that the upward club has rectors, naturally could not see the could not be expected to agree with the out-of-date philosophy, of what a Rabbi should be or know, of the directors. This misunderstanding led to some friction between the two elements concerned, and the Jewish press, to which the students appealed, agreed with the latter.

> Finally on Thursday, May 14, 1908, a conference of Rabbis, To issue a call for a conference of representatives from all congregations in New York, who should ap-

By JACOB I. HARTSTEIN, M. A., M. S. Registrar of Yeshiva College

the directors had refused them their stipends; and (3) That the students were to be permitted to attend general or secular schools until a complete secular department had been organized in the Ye-

The reorganization of the Yeshiva in 1908, although undertaken with much enthusiasm, sound planning, and desirable recommendations, seems not to have borne much fruit, as we may judge from the following extract from an article friendly to the institution, and hailing the laying of the cornerstone of its own building when it combined with the Yeshiva Eitz Chaim in 1915. Discussing the accomplishments of the Yeshiva the author says: "She helped young men, sons of Torah, who came to this country ready scholars and wanted to become Rabbis. But she did not have the means to fit them appropriately to the environment

#### Dr. Revel Appointed

As already alluded to above, in the early part of 1915 the Yeshiva Rabbi Isaac Elchanan and the Yeshiva Eitz Chaim, founded in 1886, between whom, previous to this time friction had occurred because of overlapping of their functions, merged and became the Rabbinical College of America. Rabbi Dr. Bernard Revel, who although a young man was already widely known in Jewish circles as an out standing authority on Jewish learning, was called to the Presidency of the Faculty.

This marked the beginning of a new era-one of vigorous and progressive leadership-not only for this institution alone, but for all Jewish education in this country and particularly for Jewish parochial education.

The merger was also marked by the construction of a modest school building for the institution, on a double lot, at 9-11 Montgomery Street, New York. The cornerstone laying was celebrated with great ceremony on July 1st, 1915. The dedication began on Sunday, December 5th, and ended on Sun day, December 18th, 1915, at which time Dr. Revel was officially inaugurated President.

One of the first problems that the new President of the Faculty had to face was the need for extension of the Jewish studies. Up to this time boys who wanted to continue their Hebrew studies could either do this in the afternoon hours when they came home from high school, or not attend a high school at all, or attend an evening high school and study Hebrew during the morning hours.

Dr. Revel undertook to establish the first academic high school unstudents viewpoint. The students der Jewish auspices. The school the Board of Regents, with Dr. Solomon T. H. Hurwitz as its first principal.

In January, 1919, Dr. Hurwitz passed away and Dr. Shelley R. Safir, at the time instructor in Biology in the school, was appointed to succeed Dr. Hurwitz. The office, administration, and routine were completely reorganized in conformity with the practice which prevailed in the modern up-to-date high schools and the equipment peal to all Jewish communities in and facilities improved so as to the country to help support the Ye- meet the requirements of a modern practicalities and think wishfully to receive stipends for the four Regents examinations proved then

doing exceptional work. This was further verified by representatives from the Board of Regents who came to inspect the work prior to chartering the school, first as a Junior, then as a Middle, and finally, on November 24, 1919, as a Senior High School, known as the Talmudical Academy. In the meantime the first class of five had been graduated in June 1919.

#### High School Chartered

In addition to the introduction of the High School, the Yeshiva, was in 1915 organized into two divisions, each one of which enrolled fifty students; the lower or Junior division, known as the Yeshiva Eitz Chaim, and the upper, or Senior division, known as the Yeshiva Rabbi Isaac Elchanan; the whole institution, however, being known as the Rabbi Isaac Elchanan Theological Seminary, as chartered. The lower division was attended primarily by the elementary school pupils and the high school students, especially those in the lower classes. The upper division was attended by a number of foreign students, those who attended colleges in the evening or were high school graduates, and also by some students in the upper classes of the high school who were advanced in their Talmudic studies.

The wave of immigration which set in after the World War and continued up to the passing of the immigration laws of 1921 and 1934, which increased the potential parochial school population, and perhaps also the stimulation given American Jewry by the chartering of the first Pewish parochial High School, resulted in a marked increase in the student body of the institution. The building at Montgomery Street was outgrown and new quarters were provided in a renovated five story brick building on the southeast corner of East Broadway and Scammel Street, (301-303 East Broadway), New York City. This building was dedicated on Sunday, April 3, 1921, with appropriate ceremonies. These were continued during the evenings for the remainder of the

#### Teacher's Institute

In 1921 the Mizrachi Teachers Institute founded in 1917 by the Mizrachi Organization of America to train teachers and supervisors for the Hebrew Schools of the United States and Canada; "Men who should be imbued with the genuine Jewish spirit, filled with love for our past, and idealism for the future, thoroughly trained in Hebrew, Talmud, the Bible and the commentaries, and Jewish History and at the same time possess a came an integral part of the Yeits principal. The Teachers Infloor of the new Yeshiva building.

whole soon, however, caused the was started without any official building on East Broadway, in recognition or authorization from spite of renovations and changes made from time to time, to become insufficient for the adequate accommodations of the institution. At the same time the great number of Yeshiva students who were continuing their advanced academic studies in the late afternoon and evening hours, under hardships and with excessive strain, at other institutions, "where antagonistic social and economic forces, tend to create a cleavage between the old and the continually new", helped to press home the advantages of establishing, as part of the Yeshiva, shiva; (2) That the students were school house. The results of the a college of liberal arts and sciences which others have sought but where the students of the Yeshiva, weeks of dispute during which time and ever since, that the school was and ultimately other qualified ered and contributed.

young men, migh pursue their academic studies in an "atmosphere harmonizing the age-old truths and ideals of faith and culture with the fruits of modern knowledge." The dreams of Dr. Revel and the means of those he inspired made possible the conversion of a vision into a

If the Rabbi Isaac Elchanan Theological Seminary, however, contemplated horizontal and vertical extension in its programextension of the high school into a college and graduate school, and broadening out its courses new, larger, and more suitable quarters were necessary. on December 20, 1924, a small group of about 125 men attended a dinner at the Hotel Astor to organize themselves and begin fund raising for the Yeshiva College Building Fund. This meeting was a surprise; "almost \$1,000,-000 was pledged in one evening when \$100,000 would have been considered a success.

"On May 26, 1925, at the Hotel Astor almost 1200 men and women sat down at a dinner, historic, but for the fact that each of them paid a cover charge of one Thousand dollars for the privilege of attending." The second million for the proposed Yeshiva College was thus raised.

On Sunday, May 1, 1927, the cornerstone for Group A was laid "in the afternoon . . . in the presence of public officials, scholars and educators and a crowd of 10,000 persons who thronged Washington Heights to witnes the ceremonies." On December 9, 1928, this group was dedicated with appropriate ceremonies, marked by a message from the then United States Vice-President elect Charles Curtis, and by addresses by the Mayor, James J. Walker, who called the opening of the institution "a Landmark in the city's progress," Dr. Henry N. MacCracken, President of Vassar College and others.

#### College Dedicated

On March 27th, 1924, the charer of the Rabbi Isaac Elchanan Theological Seminary was amended to empower it to grant the degree of Doctor of Hebrew Literature. On March 29, 1928, the charter was further amended creating, as an addition to the organization, Yeshiva College, the only college of Liberal Arts and Sciences in the world, under Jewish auspices, and authorizing it to offer courses leading to the degrees of B. A. and B. S., and to confer those degrees. During the comparatively short time of its existence Yeshiva College has established for itself, an enviable academic reputation. Its alumni have been admitted to leading universities for professional and post-graduate work, and some have also won scholarships and fellowships. On May 18, 1933, the Board of Regents approved shiva with Dr. Pinkhos Churgin as another amendment to this charter; authorizing the institution to stitute occupied part of the fourth confer the Honorary degrees of Doctor of Humane Letters and The increased student body and Doctor of Laws. Also with the activities of the institution as a exercise of this privilege Yeshiva College has reflected credit upon itself. It now counts among its honorary alumni such shining lights as rofessor Albert Einstein, Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court Benjamin N. Cardozo, and the Governor of the State of New York, the Hon. Herbert H. Lehman.

Thus a one-room parochial school has grown into one of the most prominent and outstanding centers of Jewish learning in the Diaspora, and the golden jubilee of any one institution but rather a milestone in the synthesis of Jewish and general learning. That could not find Yeshiva has discov-

# 2,000 CHILDREN ASSEMBLE HERE

(Continued from Page 1)
together with instrumental and
vocal selections will be interspersed
throughout the program. Moshe
Nathanson, well known radio artist, will direct the national anthems together with the various
other choral numbers.

Rabbi B. L. Levinthal, chief rabbi of Philadelphia, will deliver the invocation, with President Bernard Revel giving the closing address and benediction.

The affair, which is expected to be run annually between Passover and Shauvoth, is designed to emphasize the importance of Yeshiva and Yeshiva College as a standardraising agency in the field of Herew studies; it was pointed out by Jacob I. Hartstein, who is in general charge of ararngements.

It is by virtue of certain standard entrance regulations to the Teachers Institute and to the Yeshiva proper, that many smaller institutions of the elemenary type have raised the levels and standards of attainment of their higher classes, he emphasized.

## ALUMNI TO LAUNCH JOURNALISM CLUB

(Continued from page 1)
of the Alumni when Commentator
issues are involved.

Organization of the association is now under way, and a definite program of activities is being planned for the rest of this term and September.

Best Wishes from MR. AND MRS. B. BERN-STEIN

> Best Wishes from RABBI EBIN

Best Wishes from MR. MINSKOFF on the occasion of

Yeshiva's Golden Jubilee

Best Wishes from MR. AND MRS .HARRY ROGEN Best Wishes from MENDEL GOTTSTEIN

Greeting and

Best Wishes from

HIRSCH B. MANISCHEW-

on the occasion of

Yeshiva's Golden Jubilee

Best Wishes from SAMUEL C. LAMPORT

Best Wishes from

RABBI HERBERT S. GOLDSTEIN

## **Empress Theatre**

FRIDAY, SAT., APRIL 9-10
"Sing Me a Love Song"

Also
"The Captain's Kid"

SUN., MON., TUES., APR. 11-13
"Camille"
"Also
"Love In Exile"

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